international table			United States table		FCC use designators	
Region 1 - allocation MHz	Region 2 allocation MHz	Region 3 allocation MHz	Government	Non-Government	Rule part(s)	Special-use frequencies
(I)	(2)	(3)	Affocation AMYZ (4)	Allocation MM12 (5)	(6)	(7)
930 - 931  FIXEO  MOBILE except seronautical  mobile  BROADCASTING 703  Radeloics ton	930 - 931 FIXED MOBILE escept aeronautical mobile Radiolocation	930 - 931 FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING Radiolocation	930 - 931	930 931 FIXED Mobile	PERSONAL Communications (24)	
204	705	706	US118 US215 US288 G2	US316 US215 US266 US330 NG120		
931 932 FIXED MOBILE except permission mobile BROADCASTING 703	931 - 932 FIXEB MDBLE escapt seransuscal multile Rediolocation	931 - 932 FixED ModiLE WIGASCASTING Redislocation	931 932	931 - 932 LAND MOBILE	PRYATE LAND MOBILE (90) PUBLIC MABLE (22)	
Radiolocuson	705	708	US116 US215 US288 62	US118 US215 US288 NG120		
932 - 935 FIXED MOBILE except seronautical mobile BROADCASTING 703 Radiolocation	932 - 935 FIXED MOBILE except seronautical mobile Rediolocation	832 · 835 FIXED AADMLE BROADCASTING Rudiolecation	932 · 935 Fixed	932 · 835 fixed	DOMESTIC PUBLIC FIXED (21) Public Mobile (22)	I
704	705	706	US215 US288 G2	US215 US288 MG120		
935 - 940 FIXED MORILE except peronautical mobile 8RGADCASTING 703 Radiolocation	935 - 940 FIXED MOBILE except seronautical mobile Radiolocation	935 - 940 FIXED MOMLE SRDADCASTING Radiologation	935 940	935 - 940 FIXED LAND MOBILE	PRIVATE LAND MOBILE (90) Public Mobile (22)	
704	705	708	US116 US215 US268 E2	US118 US215 US288 NG120		

International table			United States table		FCC use designators	
Region 1 allocation MHz	Region 2 - allocation MHz	Region 3 allocation MHz	Government	Non-Government	Rule partis)	Special-use frequencies
(1)	(2)	(3)	Affocation Militz (4)	Allocation MMz (S)	(6)	175
940 - 941 FIXED MOBILE except seronsurical mobile BROADCATING 703 Radiolocation	940 · 941 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation	940 - 941 FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING Radiolocotion	940 - 941	940 - 941 FIXED MOBILE	PERSONAL Communications (24)	
704	705	708	US118 US284 SZ	US118 US268 US330 MG120		
941 - 942 FIXED MOBILE except seronautical mobile BROADCASTING 703 Radiologiban	941 - 942 FIXED MOBILE except seransurical mobile Radiolocation	941 - 942 FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING Radiolocation	941 - 942 Fixed	941 · 942 Fixed	DOMESTIC PUBLIC FIXED (21) PUBLIC MOBILE (22)	
704	705	708	V6260 62	US268 NE120		
942 - 944 FIXED MOBILE except sereneuscal mobils BROADCASTING 703	942 · 944 FHXED MOBILE	942 - 944 FIXED MOREE THEASCASTING	942 - 944 FIXEB	942 - 944 FIXED	DANESTIC PUBLIC FIXED (21)	
704		701	US301 US302	US301 US302 NG120		
944 - 980 FIXED MOBILE except perensuited mobile GROADCASTING 703	944 · 980 FIXED MOBILE	944 - 960 FIXED MOGNLE BNOABCASTING	944 - 980	944 - 980 FIXED M6120	AUXILIARY BROADCASTING (74) PUBLIC MOBILE (22) INTERMATIONAL PUBLIC RIXED (23) PRIVA TE OPERATIONAL RIXED (94)	
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## INTERNATIONAL FOOTNOTES

\* \* \* \*

675 Additional allocation: in Chile, Columbia, Cuba, Ecuador, the United States, Guyana, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico and Panama, the allocation of the bands 470 - 512 MHz and 614 - 806 MHz to the fixed and mobile services is on a primary basis (see No. 425), subject to agreement obtained under the procedure set forth in Article 14.

676 Additional allocation: in Burundi, Cameroon, the Congo, Ethiopia, Israel, Kenya, Lebanon, Libya, Malawi, Senegal, Sudan, Syria, and Yemen, the band 470 - 582 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis.

\* \* \* \*

678 Additional allocation: in Costa Rica, Cuba, El Salvador, Ecuador, the United States, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico and Venezuela, the band 512 - 608 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under the procedures set forth in Article 14.

\* \* \* \*

682 [Removed]

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697 Additional allocation: in the Federal Republic of Germany, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, Israel, Kenya, Libya, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden, Switzerland and Yugoslavia, the band 790 - 830 MHz, and in these same countries and in Spain, France, Malta, the Gabonese Republic and Syria, the band 830 - 862 MHz, are also allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. However, stations of the mobile service in the countries mentioned in connection with each band referred to in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of services operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those mentioned in connection with this band.

\* \* \*

703 In Region 1, in the band 862 - 960 MHz, stations of the broadcasting service shall be operated only in the African Broadcasting Area (see Nos. 400 to 403) excluding Algeria, Egypt, Spain, Libya and Morocco, subject to agreement obtained under the procedure set forth in Article 14.

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708 [Removed]

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## SEPARATE STATEMENT OF

## COMMISSIONER RACHELLE B. CHONG

Re: Amendment of the Commission's Rules to Permit Flexible Service Offerings in the Commercial Mobile Radio Services, Notice of Proposed Rule Making, Docket 96-6.

I support our proposal to permit all Commercial Mobile Radio Services ("CMRS") providers to offer fixed wireless local loop service and possibly other fixed services. I write separately to set forth my reasoning for supporting the proposal to allow these wireless services to continue to be regulated as CMRS, even though they may be offered in competition with wired local exchange services. In this early stage of our journey down the road to a more competitive telecommunications market, we have to take some regulatory detours to get us to our destination.

I have previously set forth my belief that ultimately, communications services provided in direct competition with one another should be subject to the same level of regulation. Thus, in the future world of competitive communications markets and full service communication providers, it is my view that we should aspire to have similarly situated competing providers of local telephone service -- whether wired or wireless -- regulated similarly.

However, at this early stage, we are just beginning to see a more competitive local telephone market. It is in the public interest to allow CMRS providers some regulatory latitude to encourage them to develop innovative wireless local loop services that will provide true competition to incumbent telephone providers. This competition will undoubtedly provide many consumer benefits.

As competition begins to take hold, I believe that the Commission should monitor the results of our efforts and adjust our regulatory framework as necessary. Once competition is vigorous and thriving and the market power of the incumbents has diminished, the Commission ought to step back and allow market forces to work. The Commission should step in only as a referee or umpire to perform duties such as protecting consumers rights, preventing harmful interference and adjudicating complaints among competitors.